

Migration

- **Grammar**: Present Perfect: affirmative, negative, interrogative form. Present Perfect vs Past Simple. Have been vs have gone. Present Perfect with ever, never, just, already, yet, for, since. Present Perfect Continuous: affirmative, negative, interrogative form. Present Perfect Simple vs Present Perfect Continuous. Defining relative clauses.
- **Study tips**: How to study irregular verbs.
- **Pronunciation**: How to pronounce -ed.
- **Reading strategies**: watching pictures, reading the exercises before reading the text, skimming and scanning.
- **Vocabulary**: Adjectives of personality. Adjective prefixes. Geographical features.
- **Readings**: *Speak Gently* by David Bates, *Online friendships*, *Cyberbullying: The shocking facts*, *The Robin: Myth and reality*, *Populations on the move*
- **Songs**: *Over the Hills and Far Away* by Nightwish

Entertainment

- **Speaking**: expressing opinions, discussing films.
- **Grammar**: Past Continuous: affirmative, negative, interrogative form. Past Continuous vs Past Simple. Used to/would.
- **Writing**: How to write a review.
- **Vocabulary**: Literary genres and literary idioms.
- **Readings**: *Vampires: From Monster to Heartthrob*, *Dracula* (from Chapter 3).
- **Songs**: *Just My Imagination* by Cranberries.

Sport

- **Grammar**: Modal verbs: can/could, must/mustn't, have to/don't have to.
- **Speaking**: explaining rules.
- **Vocabulary**: Sports and sport equipment.
- **Writing**: How to write an essay.
- **Study tips**: How to use a dictionary.
- **Readings**: *When sport gets dirty*, *Women's Football – Where Now?*

Freak Weather

- Grammar: Past Perfect: affirmative, negative, interrogative form, meaning and use. Indefinite pronouns. Zero, first and second conditional. Future: will, be going to, present continuous, present simple. Predictions with will/may/might.
- Speaking: having a discussion: how to agree/disagree, how to interrupt politely, how to ask for explanations.
- Vocabulary: crime and criminals. Phrasal verbs about crime. Weather idioms.
- Writing: How to write a summary.
- Study tips: How to find topic sentences. How to rewrite sentences.
- Readings: *The Murders in the Rue Morgue* (abridged excerpt), *Old Wives's Tales*, *New City Dwellers*, *Describing a process*, *Opinions on Global Warming*.
- Critical thinking: Global warming.
- Video: *Can science fiction predict the future?*

Health

- Grammar: Should, ought to, had better. Third conditional: form and use. English morphology: prefixes and suffixes. Wish and past tenses.
- Speaking: asking for and giving advice.
- Vocabulary: parts of the body, illnesses, injuries and remedies, medical collocations.
- Readings: *Save Our Health Service!*, *The Village With No Children*, *Voting With Our Feet*, *A Life Less Ordinary*.
- Critical thinking: young people and politics.

Pure Genius!

- Grammar: the passive: present simple, past simple, present perfect. Order of adjectives.
- Speaking: describing objects.
- Vocabulary: collocations with make and do.
- Writing: how to write a formal letter.
- Readings: *Designing the Future*, *Capital Design Classics*.

In the News

- Grammar: reported speech.
- Speaking: gossiping.
- Vocabulary: media verbs, cognates and false friends.

- Writing: how to write a magazine report.
- Readings: *Freedom of the Press*
- Critical Thinking: freedom of the press

A History of the English Language

LEONARDO – *A world language/The beginning of English*; FEDERICO, SIMONE D. – *Old English*; SIMONE S. – *The Normans in England*; GABRIELE, TOMMASO – *Middle English*; TAMARA – *Modern English begins*; GIADA – *Bringing orders to English*; MATTEO – *Modern English grows*; FRANCESCA – *English in the US*; ALESSANDRO – *All kinds of English*; GIULIA C. – *Jargon and slang*; GIULIA A. – *The future of English*

Libro di testo

AA.VV., *Talent 2*, Cambridge University Press.

Selargius, 26/05/2021

Gli alunni

La docente