THE VICTORIAN AGE

The Victorian age took its name from Queen Victoria. The Victorian was the age of progress, stability and great social reforms but at the same time was characterised by poverty, injustice and social unrest.





The progress of society

Queen Victoria's reign (1837-1901) was the longest in the history of England. The Victorian age began with the First Reform Act (1832), a great social achievement. It was a period of significant political, social and technological progress and expansion both economic and territorial



THE URBAN HABITAT

The poor lived in slums, appalling quarters characterised by squalor, disease and crime. The conditions of life were very bad: there was an high death rate.

The atmosphere was polluted and that caused a disastrous effect especially on children's health.





THE VICTORIAN NOVEL

During the Victorian Age the novels became the most popular form of literature and the main form of entertainment because they were read aloud with in the family



THE END

DENISE
LAURA
SERENA
FILIPPO
LUCA

Queen Victoria and the Victorian Temper

- Ruled England from 1837-1901
- Exemplifies Victorian qualities: earnestness, moral responsibility, domestic propriety
- The Victorian Period was an age of transition
- An age characterized by energy and high moral purpose

